



Surveying for Diseases at Mass Gatherings: FIFA World Cup Response

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Agenda

- Overview of Core Public Health Responsibilities for Mass Gathering Events
 - Environmental Health
 - Disease Surveillance and Control
 - Emergency Management and Bioterrorism Preparedness
 - Communications and Collaboration
- World Cup Recap

FIFA World Cup 2026

- The 2026 FIFA World Cup was hosted by 11 cities in the United States, 2 cities in Canada, and 3 cities in Mexico:
 - **United States:** Atlanta, Boston, Dallas, Houston, Kansas City, Los Angeles, Miami, New York/New Jersey, Philadelphia, San Francisco/Bay Area, and Seattle
 - **Canada:** Toronto and Vancouver
 - **Mexico:** Guadalajara, Mexico City, and Monterrey
- Tournament dates June 11-July 19, 2026



FIFA World Cup 2026

- 8 games at SoFi Stadium (re-branded Los Angeles Stadium):
 - June 12: USA vs. Paraguay (1st match in US)
 - June 15: Iran vs. New Zealand
 - June 18: Switzerland vs. Bosnia & Herzegovina
 - June 21: Belgium vs. Iran
 - June 25: USA vs. Turkey
 - June 28: S Africa vs. Canada
 - July 2: Spain vs. Austria
 - July 10: Spain vs. Belgium



Other FIFA Activities

- Fan Festival
 - LA Coliseum: June 10 – 14, 2026
- Fan Zones
 - Multiple sites across LA County
- City Parks
- Street gatherings
- Bar, restaurants



Core Public Health Responsibilities during FIFA World Cup Events

- Environmental Health
- Disease Surveillance and Control
- Emergency Management and WMD Preparedness



Environmental Health

Food Safety and Inspections

- Permitting and inspections of all planned community events (FIFA Sponsored and Others)
 - Includes mobile food facilities and temporary food facilities
- Proactive inspections of all permanent venues (SoFi/LA Stadium and LA Memorial Coliseum)

Outbreak Response

- Assisting ACDC with environmental investigations as warranted (e.g., food, water)

Hotel Inspections

- Conducting proactive inspections prior to the event

EH Strike Team to support BioWatch activities

Disease Surveillance and Control

Public Health Lab

Acute Communicable Disease Control Program

Community Field Services



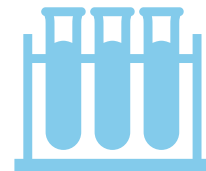
Disease Surveillance

- Title 17 mandated reporting
- Detect unusual clusters/cases
- Wastewater surveillance
- Syndromic surveillance
- Internal program monitoring dashboard



Disease/Outbreak Management

- Case interviews
- Contact tracing
- Collaborations with EH
- Provide education, consultation, and technical assistance to internal and external stakeholders



Communicable Disease Testing

- Support testing as needed
- Genomic surveillance
- Conduct Environmental Testing if needed



Medical Liaison to Healthcare Community

- Communicate important updates via **LAHAN**
- Disseminate information through Infection Preventionists and community presentations



Field work

- Perform case/contact interviews
- Provide education and community outreach to prevent further disease spread

[ReportableDiseaseList.pdf](#)

REPORTABLE DISEASES AND CONDITIONS

Title 17, California Code of Regulations (CCR), § 2500

The duty of every health care provider, knowing or in attendance on a case or suspected case of any of the diseases or conditions listed below, to report to the local health officer for the jurisdiction where the patient resides (with care provider) encompasses physicians (surgeons, dentists, oral medicine practitioners), veterinarians, podiatrists, physician assistants, registered nurses (nurse practitioners, nurse midwives, school nurses), infectious disease professionals, medical examiners/coroners, osteopaths, and chiropractors, as well as any other person with knowledge of a case or suspected case. All reports must include hospitalization status if known.

Note: This list is specific to Los Angeles County and differs from state and federal reporting requirements ★

Report **immediately** by telephone for both confirmed and suspected cases.

Report by telephone **within 1 working day** from identification.

Report by telephone **within 24 hours** for both confirmed and suspected cases.

Report by electronic transmission (including FAX or email), telephone or mail within **1 working day** from identification.

Report by electronic transmission (including FAX or email),

Mandated by and reportable to the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health.

If enrolled, report electronically via the **National Healthcare Safety Network** (www.cdc.gov/nhsn/index.html). If not enrolled, use the

LAC DPH CRE Case Report Form (publichealth.lacounty.gov/acd/Diseases/EpiForms/CRERepSNF.pdf)

For TB reporting: contact the TB Control Program (213) 745-0800 or visit www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/tb/healthpro.htm
For HIV/STD reporting: contact the Division of HIV and STD Programs: HIV (213) 354-8546, STD (213) 369-3444, www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/dhhs/ReportCard.htm

For HIV/STD reporting: contact the Division of HIV and STD Programs. HIV (213) 351-8516, STDs (213) 368-7441 www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/dhsp/ReportCase.htm
For laboratory reporting: www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/lab/index.htm **For veterinary reporting:** www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/vet/index.htm

REPORTABLE COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

Anaplasmosis	Foodborne Outbreak; 2 or more suspected cases from separate households with same assumed source	Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning
Anthrax, human or animal	Giardiasis	Paratyphoid Fever
Babesiosis	Gonococcal infection ■	Pertussis (Whooping Cough)
Botulism, foodborne or wound	<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> , invasive disease only, all serotypes, less than 5 years of age	Plague, human or animal
Botulin, infant—Reportable to CDPH	Hantavirus Infection	Poliiovirus Infection
BRIP (see below)*	Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome	Poliiovirus Infection
Brucellosis, animal, except infections due to <i>Brucella canis</i>	Hepatitis A, acute infection	Poliiovirus Infection
Brucellosis, human	Hepatitis B, specify acute, chronic, or perinatal	Q Fever
Campylobacteriosis	Hepatitis C, specify acute, chronic, or perinatal	Rabies, human or animal
Canis auris, colonization or infection	Hepatitis D (Delta), specify acute or chronic	Relapsing Fever
Carbapenem-Resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CRE), including <i>Klebsiella</i> sp., <i>E. coli</i> , and <i>Enterobacter</i> sp., in acute care hospitals or skilled nursing facilities ■■	Hepatitis E, acute infection	Respiratory Syncytial Virus, only deaths in a patient less than 5 years of age
Chagas Disease ■	Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), acute infection ■ (\$2641.30-2643.20)	Rickettsial Diseases (non-Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever), including Typhus and Typhus-like illnesses
Chancroid ■	Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection, any stage ■	Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever
Chickenpox (Varicella), only hospitalizations, deaths, and outbreaks (≥3 cases, or one case in a high-risk setting)	Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection, progression to stage 3 (AIDS) ■*	Rubella (German Measles)
Chikungunya Virus Infection		Rubella Syndrome, Congenital
Cholera		Salmonellosis, except any Typhoid Fever
		Scombrotoxic Fish Poisoning
		Shiga toxin, detected in feces
		Shigellosis
		Silicosis

Emergency Management

DPH Departmental Operations Center DOC –
EPRD supports emergency management
activation

Emergency Operations Centers – EPRD sends
staff to represent agency

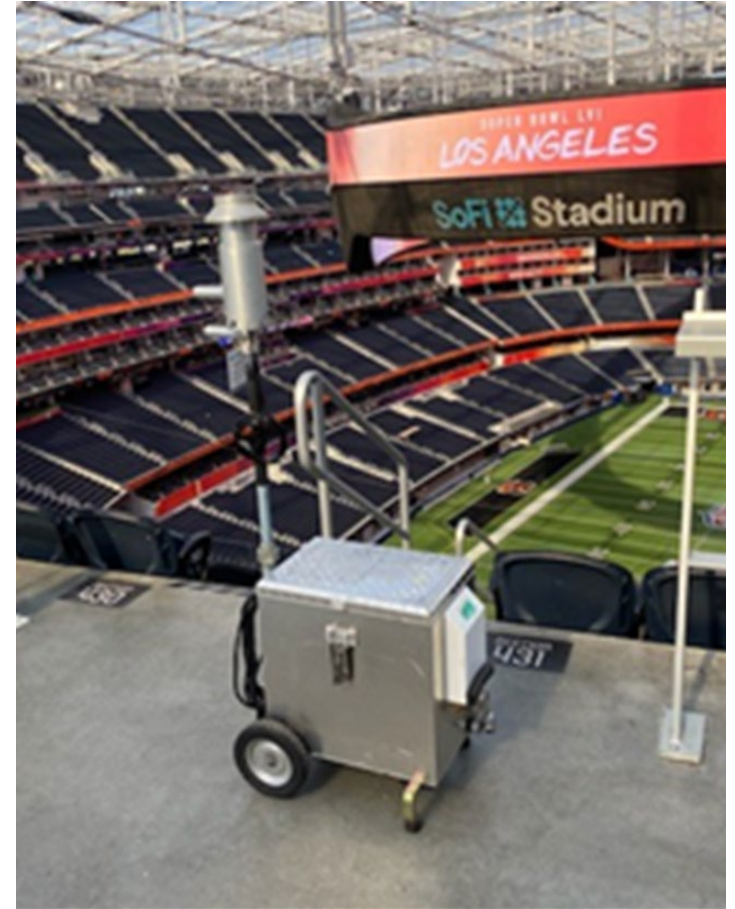
Command Posts- Technical Advisory Group
(TAG) personnel provides BT/WMD support to
CP Operations.



Emergency Management

WMD Preparedness

- **BioWatch**- DPH Technical Advisory Group (TAG) conducts BioWatch operations at SoFi Stadium, LA Coliseum, and most of the Fan Zones
- **WMD Incident Response Team**- Emergency Ops team is strategically staged with FBI, LAPD, Sheriff, and Fire Hazmat partners (JHAT) to respond to white powder letters, suspicious substances, and other WMD threats
- **FBI Collaboration**- DPH collaborates with the FBI to conduct any bioterrorism or WMD investigations
- **Joint Regional Intelligence Center (JRIC)** - The TAG is linked with the JRIC for continuous flow of threat intelligence information



Communications



Methods of Communication:

- Dedicated Public Health webpage with event-related health guidance
- Social media messaging and partner amplification
- Multilingual one-page guidance materials and flyers
- Posters and materials for hospitals, vendors, and community partners
- Messaging at transportation hubs, airports, and high-traffic gathering locations



Communications



Key Audiences

- Los Angeles County residents attending games and fan events
- Event attendees at stadiums and fan activation sites
- Workers and vendors supporting events
- Travelers visiting Los Angeles County
- Healthcare providers and public health partners for disease surveillance communications



Coordination Approach

- County will coordinate through a Joint Information Center (JIC) for “One Voice” Messaging
- Collaboration across Public Health programs
- Coordination with regional partners such as Metro, airports, local jurisdictions, and event organizers
- Alignment with messaging from city and county agencies supporting the event
- Event webpage will serve as a central hub for health guidance

Communications



Messaging Content

- **Hydration & Heat Safety**

Stay hydrated before, during, and after events; recognize signs of heat exhaustion and heat stroke.

- **Communicable Disease Prevention**

Handwashing, staying home when sick, vaccination awareness, and travel-related disease risks.

Priority conditions include norovirus, foodborne illness, Shigella, STIs, and measles.

- **Responsible Celebrations & Safety**

Party responsibly and peacefully, avoid impaired driving, and stay aware of pedestrian safety in crowded areas.

- **Food Safety**

Encourage residents and visitors to choose permitted vendors and look for the County's food safety grading system.



Lessons Learned From the World Cup

Overall Impression

- FIFA World Cup Games in LA went very smoothly
- Main public health concerns
 - Heat
 - Air quality
- Staffing challenges with pulling of staff to other emergencies
 - Los Palos Fire
 - East LA Oil Spill
 - Sandy Fire in Ventura
 - Santa Susana Fire



Audience Questions

Question 1

- *Having experienced the World Cup in LA, what are things that you would like to see improved or changed for future mass gatherings such as the Olympics?*

Question 2

- *What would be the most helpful public health information for your audience/stakeholders in the future?*

Thank you!

